



Adding Intelligence to Media

XMP SPECIFICATION PART 2

ADDITIONAL PROPERTIES

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Adobe XMP Specification Part 2: Additional Properties.

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Preface

This document set provides a complete specification for the [Extensible Metadata Platform \(XMP\)](#), which provides a standard format for the creation, processing, and interchange of metadata, for a wide variety of applications.

The specification has three parts:

- *Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties*, covers the basic metadata representation model that is the foundation of the XMP standard format. The data model prescribes how XMP metadata can be organized; it is independent of file format or specific usage. The serialization information prescribes how the data model is represented in XML, specifically RDF/XML. Core properties are those XMP properties that have general applicability across a broad range of resources; these include general-purpose namespaces such as Dublin Core. This document also provides details needed to implement a metadata manipulation system such as the XMP Toolkit (which is available from Adobe®).
- *Part 2, Additional Properties*, provides detailed property lists and descriptions for standard XMP metadata namespaces beyond the core properties; these include special-purpose namespaces for Adobe applications such as Photoshop®. It also provides information on extending existing namespaces and creating new namespaces.
- *Part 3, Storage in Files*, provides information about how serialized XMP metadata is packaged into XMP Packets and embedded in different file formats. It includes information about how XMP relates to and incorporates other metadata formats, and how to reconcile values that are represented in multiple metadata formats.

About this document

This document, *XMP Specification Part 2, Additional Properties*, is intended for developers of applications that will generate, process, or manage files containing XMP metadata. Such developers may use either the XMP Toolkit provided by Adobe, or independent implementations.

Previously-defined formats (*native* formats) for still-image metadata, such as Exif and IPTC/TIFF, represent information that is also represented by properties defined in standard XMP namespaces. For information on how to reconcile property values among formats, and on how such reconciliation has been managed in Adobe applications, see *XMP Specification Part 3, Storage in Files*.

How this document is organized

This document has the following sections:

- [1, “XMP namespaces”](#), explains how the namespace definitions are presented, and provides details of property value types. It also describes how you can extend existing namespaces or define new ones.
- [2, “XMP standard namespaces”](#), provides namespace definitions for standard general-purpose namespaces.
- [3, “Specialized Namespaces”](#), provides namespace definitions for namespaces that are specialized for Adobe applications or usages.

Document history

This release of this document has changed in these ways since the previous release (August 2016):

- Corrected broken links in Exif namespaces

Conventions used in this document

The following type styles are used for specific types of text:

Table 1 — Conventions for type styles

Typeface Style	Used for:
bold	XMP property names. For example, xmp:CreateDate
Monospaced Regular	XML code and other literal values, such as value types and names in other languages or formats

Where to go for more information

See these sites for information on the Internet standards and recommendations on which XMP Metadata is based:

Table 2 — Sources for additional information

IEEE 754, <i>Standard for Binary Floating-Point Arithmetic</i>	http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/754/
IETF RFC 2046, <i>Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types</i> , November 1996	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2046.txt
IETF RFC 3066, <i>Tags for the Identification of Languages</i> , January 2001	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3066.txt
IETF RFC 3986, <i>Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax</i> , January 2005	http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt
<i>Date and Time Formats</i> , W3C submission, September 1997	http://www.w3.org/TR/NOTE-datetime
<i>Dublin Core Metadata Element Set</i> , Version 1.1	http://dublincore.org/documents/dces/
<i>Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0</i> (Fifth Edition)	http://www.w3.org/TR/2008/REC-xml-20081126/
<i>Namespaces in XML 1.0</i> (Second Edition)	http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-xml-names-20060816/
<i>RDF/XML Syntax Specification</i> (Revised), W3C Recommendation 10 February 2004	http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-rdf-syntax-grammar-20040210/
<i>The Unicode Standard</i>	http://www.unicode.org/standard/standard.html

1 XMP namespaces

This chapter contains the following information:

- [1.1, “XMP namespace definitions”](#): An overview of namespace definitions and terminology.
- [1.2, “Property value types”](#): Definitions and explanations of property values used by the namespaces.
- [1.3, “Extensibility of namespaces”](#): Guidelines for creating custom XMP properties.

1.1 XMP namespace definitions

The namespaces define a set of properties. In any given XMP Packet, a property may be *absent* or *present*:

- Absent: The property has no value. Properties are absent until given a value for the first time.
- Present: The property has a defined value. A present property may have the empty string as its value; this is different from an absent property. However, writers are encouraged not to set properties with a value of the empty string.

For any given XMP, there is no requirement that all properties from a given namespace must be present. For structured properties, there is no requirement that all fields be present (unless otherwise specified by a namespace).

XMP metadata may include properties from one or more of the namespaces. For example, a typical subset used by many Adobe applications might include the following:

- Dublin Core namespace: **dc:title, dc:creator, dc:description, dc:subject, dc:format, dc:rights**
- XMP basic namespace: **xmp:CreateDate, xmp:CreatorTool, xmp:ModifyDate, xmp:MetadataDate**
- XMP rights management namespace: **xmpRights:WebStatement, xmpRights:Marked**
- XMP media management namespace: **xmpMM:DocumentID**

1.1.1 Included namespaces

The following namespaces definitions are included in this document:

- [2, “XMP standard namespaces”](#)
 - [2.1, “XMP namespace”](#)
 - [2.2, “XMP Media Management namespace”](#)
 - [2.3, “XMP Basic Job Ticket namespace”](#)
 - [2.4, “XMP Paged-text namespace”](#)
 - [2.5, “XMP Dynamic Media namespace”](#)
- [3, “Specialized Namespaces”](#)
 - [3.1, “Adobe PDF namespace”](#)
 - [3.2, “Photoshop namespace”](#)
 - [3.3, “Camera Raw namespace”](#)
 - [3.4, “Exif namespaces”](#)

NOTE This document does not provide details of the IPTC namespace. For complete information on this namespace, see the IPTC Web site at <http://www.iptc.org/IPTC4XMP/>.

1.1.2 Namespace definition conventions

The namespace definitions in this document show the XML namespace URI that identifies the namespace, and a preferred namespace prefix, followed by a table that lists all properties defined for the namespace. Each table has the following columns:

- **Name** — the name of the property, including the preferred namespace prefix.
- **Type** — The value type of the property, with links to where each value type is described in 1.2, “[Property value types](#)”. Array types are preceded by the container type: ordered, unordered, or alternative; see *XMP Specification Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties* for details.
- **Description** — The description of the property.

Some XMP properties have been deprecated since earlier versions of the specification. They are defined here for compatibility purposes, but should not be used in the future.

Previous versions of this specification referred to *aliased* properties. Specific XMP implementations may treat a property in one namespace as equivalent to a property in another namespace. However, to foster interchange, applications must always write the standard, “base” form of the property. In this version of the specification, only the base properties are listed.

1.2 Property value types

The following sections list the value types used in the XMP namespaces. Note that value types used in the Exif namespace are listed with the Exif specification; see 3.4, “[Exif namespaces](#)”.

- [1.2.1, “Core value types”](#)
- [1.2.2, “Complex value types”](#)
- [1.2.3, “Media management value types”](#)
- [1.2.4, “ResourceEvent”](#)
- [1.2.5, “Basic job/workflow value types”](#)
- [1.2.6, “Video media value types”](#)

1.2.1 Core value types

Refer to *Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties*, for definitions of the following:

- AgentName
- Boolean
- Choice
- Date
- GUID
- Integer
- Language Alternative
- Locale
- MIMETYPE
- ProperName
- Real
- RenditionClass
- ResourceRef

- Text
- URI
- URL

1.2.2 Complex value types

1.2.2.1 Colorant

A structure containing the characteristics of a colorant (swatch) used in a document.

- The field namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/g/>
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **xmpG**

Table 3 — Colorant fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpG:A xmpG:B	Integer	A or B value when the mode is LAB. Range -128 to 127.
xmpG:L	Real	L value when the mode is LAB. Range 0-100.
xmpG:black xmpG:cyan xmpG:magenta xmpG:yellow	Real	Colour value when the mode is CMYK. Range 0-100.
xmpG:blue xmpG:green xmpG:red	Integer	Colour value when the mode is RGB. Range 0-255.
xmpG:mode	closed Choice	The colour space in which the colour is defined. One of: CMYK, RGB, LAB. Library colours are represented in the colour space for which they are defined.
xmpG:swatchName	Text	Name of the swatch.
xmpG:type	closed Choice	The type of colour, one of PROCESS or SPOT.

1.2.2.2 Dimensions

A structure containing dimensions for a drawn object.

The field namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/sType/Dimensions#>

The preferred field namespace prefix is **stDim**

Table 4 — Dimensions fields

Name	Type	Description
stDim:h stDim:w	Real	Height and width magnitude.
stDim:unit	open Choice	Units. For example: inch, mm, pixel, pica, point

1.2.2.3 Font

A structure containing the characteristics of a font used in a document.

- The field namespace URI is `http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/sType/Font#`
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **stFnt**

Table 5 — Fonts fields

Name	Type	Description
stFnt:childFontFiles	ordered array of String	The list of file names for the fonts that make up a composite font.
stFnt:composite	Boolean	When true, this is a composite font.
stFnt:fontFace	Text	The font face name.
stFnt:fontFamily	Text	The font family name.
stFnt:fontFileName	String	The font file name (not a complete path).
stFnt:fontName	Text	PostScript® name of the font.
stFnt:fontType	open Choice	The font type, such as TrueType, Type 1, Open Type, and so on.
stFnt:versionString	String	<p>The version string:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• /version for Type1 fonts• nameId 5 for Apple True Type and OpenType• /CIDFontVersion for CID fonts• The empty string for bitmap fonts <p>The Adobe CoolType font engine allows two fonts with the same PostScript name and different technologies to be used at the same time, but not if they are from different versions. So even without this data for a given document you will have unique font data. However, the version can tell you if the font has changed metrics, glyph forms or other important information. This is useful for comparing fonts in two documents or fonts in a document to those in your system.</p>

1.2.2.4 Thumbnail

A thumbnail image for a file.

- The field namespace URI is `http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/g/img/`
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **xmpGimg**

Table 6 — Thumbnail fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpGimg:format	Closed Choice	The image encoding. Defined value: JPEG.
xmpGimg:height xmpGimg:width	Integer	Height and width in pixels

Table 6 — Thumbnail fields (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpGimg:image	Text	The full thumbnail image data, converted to base 64 notation (according to section 6.8 of RFC 2045). This is the thumbnail data typically found in a digital image, such as the value of tag 513 in a JPEG stream.

1.2.3 Media management value types

1.2.3.1 Part

A Unicode string that identifies a portion of a resource. This is typically a general or logical portion, rather than a specific physical portion. For example, the metadata or the content, or the audio portion of a movie or the video portion.

Part names are a hierarchy of arbitrary depth, specified using path syntax where levels in the hierarchy shall be indicated by a slash ("/", U+002F). The slash shall not be used for any other purpose in these strings. The leftmost character shall be a slash. A path may be just a slash, indicating any or all parts.

All paths implicitly encompass further descendants. For example, "/content" includes all content, whereas "/content/audio" includes all audio but excludes other content such as "/content/video". The collection of part components is open. Additional levels of subparts or alternatives for existing levels may be used; for example, "/content/audio/channels/left" or "/content/audio/FFTaudio/high". When such subparts are used, each subpart name shall be unique and signify a component that is disjoint from any of its siblings.

A part component name shall follow a restricted syntax of an XML Name as defined in *Extensible Markup Language*. At most one colon (":" U+003A) shall be used, and a colon shall not be the first character. Of the XML Name characters below U+0080, only "A" through "Z", "a" through "z", "0" through "9", and colon may be used. Other XML Name characters below U+0080 are reserved for future use. XMP readers should tolerate reserved characters, and should ignore the remainder of a path from the leftmost component containing a reserved character.

Table 7 lists part component names that are explicitly defined:

Table 7 — Part component names

Part specification	Part that changed or is referenced
/	Any (specific part unknown) or all (all parts of the content and metadata).
/metadata	Portions of the metadata.
/content	Any or all of the content (non-metadata).
/content/audio	Any or all sound.
/content/visual	Some image data (video or still).
/content/visual/video	Video or animation.
/content/visual/raster	Static raster image.
/content/visual/vector	Static vector image.
/content/visual/form/data	Form field data.
/content/visual/form/template	Form template.

Table 7 — Part component names (Continued)

Part specification	Part that changed or is referenced
/content/visual/annots	Applied annotations (comments).
[/]time:## [/]time:##d## [/]time:##r##	<p>A time, duration, or time range specifier. May be standalone (meaning all parts starting at the time or within the range specified) or may be added to any of the listed specifications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ##: The start time, a frame count. ##d##: Duration (start time and duration time) ##r##: Range (start time and end time) <p>Each ## value is a FrameCount specifier, which can include an optional frame rate. The default frame rate is 1fps. The default duration is "maximum", the entire length of the asset.</p> <p>In a fromPart or toPart value, the leading / is optional. For an stEvt:changed part descriptor in a history record, the leading / is required.</p> <p>For a fromPart value, the start time is an offset from the start of the current ingredient's file. For a toPart value, the start time is measured from the start of the destination file. If time values are not specifically given, the default start time is 0, meaning the beginning of the relevant file.</p>

1.2.4 ResourceEvent

A structure denoting a high-level event that occurred in the processing of a resource.

- The field namespace URI shall be "http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/sType/ResourceEvent#".
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **stEvt**.

[Table 8](#) lists the fields available in ResourceEvent. The structure shall include the **stEvt:action** and **stEvt:when** fields; other fields need not be present. The fields, if used, shall be of the specified types. The field content should be as described.

Table 8 — ResourceEvent fields

Name	Type	Definition
stEvt:action	Open Choice of Text	The action that occurred. Defined values are: converted, copied, created, cropped, edited, filtered, formatted, version_updated, printed, published, managed, produced, resized, saved. New values should be verbs in the past tense.
stEvt:changed	Text	A semicolon-delimited list of the parts of the resource that were changed since the previous event history. If not present, presumed to be undefined. When tracking changes and the scope of the changed components is unknown, it should be assumed that anything might have changed.
stEvt:instanceID	GUID	The value of the xmpMM:InstanceID property for the modified (output) resource.
stEvt:parameters	Text	Additional description of the action.
stEvt:softwareAgent	AgentName	The software agent that performed the action.

Table 8 — ResourceEvent fields (Continued)

Name	Type	Definition
stEvt:when	Date	Timestamp of when the action occurred. For events that create or write to a file, this should be the approximate modification time of the file.

1.2.4.1 ResourceRef

A multiple part reference to a resource. Used to indicate prior versions, originals of renditions, originals for derived documents, and so on. The fields present in any specific reference depend on usage and on whether the referenced resource is managed. Except for instanceID, the fields are all properties from the referenced resource's xmpMM namespace.

- The field namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/sType/ResourceRef#>
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **stRef**

Table 9 — ResourceRef fields

Name	Type	Description
stRef:alternatePaths	ordered array of URI	The referenced resource's fallback file paths or URLs. The sequence order is the recommended order in attempting to locate the resource.
stRef:documentID	GUID	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
stRef:filePath	URI	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
stRef:fromPart	Part	For a resource within an xmpMM:Ingredients list, the part of this resource that is incorporated in the containing document.
stRef:instanceID	GUID	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
stRef:lastModifyDate	Date	The value of stEvt:when for the last time the file was written.
stRef:manager	AgentName	The referenced resource's xmpMM:Manager .
stRef:managerVariant	Text	The referenced resource's xmpMM:ManagerVariant .
stRef:manageTo	URI	The referenced resource's xmpMM:ManageTo .
stRef:manageUI	URI	The referenced resource's xmpMM:ManageUI .
stRef:maskMarkers	closed Choice	For a resource within an xmpMM:Ingredients list, whether markers in this resource should be ignored (masked) or processed normally. One of: All: Ignore markers in this ingredient and all its children. None: Process markers in this ingredient and all its children.
stRef:partMapping	Text	The name or URI of a mapping function used to map the fromPart to the toPart. The default for time mappings is "linear".
stRef:renditionClass	RenditionClass	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.

Table 9 — ResourceRef fields (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
stRef:renditionParams	Text	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
stRef:toPart	Part	For a resource within an xmpMM:Ingredients list, the part of the containing document into which this resource is incorporated.
stRef:versionID	Text	The referenced resource's xmpMM:VersionID .

1.2.4.2 Version

Describes one version of a document.

- The field namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/sType/Version#>
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **stVer**

Table 10 — Version fields

Name	Type	Description
stVer:comments	Text	Comments concerning what was changed.
stVer:event	ResourceEvent	High-level, formal description of what operation the user performed.
stVer:modifier	ProperName	The person who modified this version.
stVer:modifyDate	Date	The date on which this version was checked in.
stVer:version	Text	The new version number.

1.2.5 Basic job/workflow value types

The following value type is used for the Basic Job/Workflow namespace.

1.2.5.1 Job

Describes a job for a job-management system.

- The field namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/sType/Job#>
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **stJob**

Table 11 — Job fields

Name	Type	Description
stJob:id	Text	Unique ID for the job. This field is a reference into some external job management system.
stJob:name	Text	Informal name of job. This name is for user display and informal systems.
stJob:url	URL	A file URL referencing an external job management file.

1.2.6 Video media value types

The following value types are used for the [XMP Dynamic Media namespace](#).

- The field namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xmp/1.0/DynamicMedia/>
- The preferred field namespace prefix is **xmpDM**

1.2.6.1 beatSpliceStretch

A set of parameters used when stretching audio using the Beat Splice stretch mode.

Table 12 — beatSpliceStretch fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:riseInDecibel	Real	The amount sound must increase in amplitude to detect a beat.
xmpDM:riseInTimeDuration	Time	The duration of the sampling window used to measure the audio increase for locating beats.
xmpDM:useFileBeatsMarker	Boolean	When true, the file beat markers are used for stretching. Otherwise the rise and duration fields are used to automatically locate the beats.

1.2.6.2 CuePointParam

A key-value pair describing a parameter of a cue-point [Marker](#).

Table 13 — CuePointParam fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:key	Text	The key.
xmpDM:value	Text	The value.

1.2.6.3 FrameCount

A number of frames at a given frame rate, which specifies an audio or video time value for a [Marker](#) (as the value of [xmpDM:duration](#) or [xmpDM:startTime](#)). Can also be used in the time portion of a document [Part](#).

The frame-count value can include the frame rate as shown. For a [Marker](#) within a [Track](#), the frame rate can be specified separately in the [xmpDM:frameRate](#) of the [Track](#).

The string value is in one of these formats:

Table 14 — FrameCount values

"###"	<p>For a Marker that is not in a Track, a simple integer value is interpreted as a number of seconds, at the default frame rate of 1 fps.</p> <p>For Markers within a Track, an integer value is interpreted as ticks/frames in the timescale specified by the track's xmpDM:frameRate.</p> <p>When the count is zero, no frame rate should be specified.</p>
-------	---

Table 14 — FrameCount values (Continued)

"##f###" "##f###s###"	<p>A number of frames specified together with a FrameRate, which can contain an optional rate basis. The rate basis defaults to 1.</p> <p>These examples show how a FrameCount value of 15 is expressed for common video and audio frame rates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Film at 24 fps (frame rate = 24, rate basis = 1): "15f24" Speech-to-text in milliseconds (frame rate = 1000, rate basis = 1): "15f1000" NTSC at 29.97 fps (frame rate = 30000, rate basis = 1001): "15f30000s1001" DVATicks (frame rate = 254016000000, rate basis = 1): "15f254016000000"
"maximum"	Allowed for a duration value; indicates that the time span is unlimited, or is determined automatically up to the full duration of the source.

1.2.6.4 FrameRate

A frame-rate value can be part of the [FrameCount](#) specification of a [Marker](#). For a [Marker](#) within a [Track](#), however, the frame count can be a simple integer, and the associated frame rate is specified separately, in the [xmpDM:frameRate](#) of the [Track](#).

A frame rate is expressed as a number of frames divided by a number of seconds (f/s). The number of seconds is called the *rate basis*; it defaults to 1, for the common frames-per-second (fps) expression. If no frame rate is specified in either the frame count itself or in the associated track, the frame count is also the number of seconds, at the default rate of 1 fps.

The string value is in one of these formats:

Table 15 — FrameRate values

"f###"	The frame rate in frames-per-second (fps). The rate basis is assumed to be 1. For example, a frame rate of 24fps is specified as "f24".
"f###s###"	Specifies a frame rate with a rate basis. The second number is the rate basis, a number of seconds. For example, the NTSC 29.97 frame rate is specified as "f30000s1001".

1.2.6.5 Marker

A marker type used to describe an important location in an audio or video sequence. It is a value of the [xmpDM:markers](#) array in a [Track](#).

Table 16 — Marker fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:comment	Text	Optional. A descriptive comment.
xmpDM:cuePointParams	ordered array of CuePointParam	Optional. An ordered sequence of processing parameters for an FLVCuePoint-type marker.
xmpDM:cuePointType	Text	Optional. The cue-point type for an FLVCuePoint-type marker, one of Navigation or Event.

Table 16 — Marker fields (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:duration	FrameCount	Optional. The duration of the marker. Default is 0. This is a number of ticks/frames in the timescale specified by an optionally included frame rate. If the parent Track specifies xmpDM:frameRate , that becomes the default frame rate for all member markers. If no frame rate is specified in either the marker or the track, this value is a number of seconds (frames at the default frame rate of 1fps).
xmpDM:location	URI	Optional. The URL of the location to jump to, for a WebLink-type marker. For example, http://www.mysite.com.
xmpDM:name	Text	The name of the marker. For timed text, the phrase, word, or syllable.
xmpDM:probability	Real	Optional. For auto-detected speech, the probability that the word is accurate.
xmpDM:speaker	Text	Optional. The name or other identifier of the speaker or performer, for a Speech-type marker.
xmpDM:startTime	FrameCount	The timeline position of the marker. Default is 0, the beginning of the file that contains the track.
xmpDM:target	Text	Optional. A frame target, for a WebLink-type marker.
xmpDM:type	Open Choice of Text, comma-delimited list	Optional. A comma-delimited list of marker types. The type indicates how a marker or set of markers is intended to be used, and what other information is associated with it. Predefined value types include: Chapter Cue Index Speech Track This type overrides any type specified in the containing Track .

1.2.6.6 Media

A reference to a media asset. This is typically a local file, but can be anything that can be specified with a URL. Contains information about usage in the parent media (typically a sequence), and the associated media rights.

Table 17 — Media fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:duration	Time	The duration of the asset in the timeline.
xmpDM:managed	Boolean	When true, this is a rights-managed resource.
xmpDM:path	URI	The location of the asset.
xmpDM:startTime	Time	The timeline position of the start of the asset, an offset from the beginning of the file that contains the track.

Table 17 — Media fields (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:track	Text	An identifier for the track that contained this asset. Could be a track name or a number.
xmpDM:webStatement	URI	The location of a web page describing the owner and/or rights statement for this resource.

1.2.6.7 ProjectLink

The type of a video file and path of the project that created it.

Table 18 — ProjectLink fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:path	URI	Full path to the project that created this file.
xmpDM:type	Closed Choice of Text	The file type. One of: movie still audio custom

1.2.6.8 resampleStretch

A set of parameters used when stretching audio using the Resample stretch mode.

Table 19 — resampleStretch fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:quality	Closed Choice of Text	One of: High Medium Low

1.2.6.9 Time

A representation of a time value in seconds. This is similar to After Effect's TDB, or QuickTime's representation of time. They each have a value, and the scale of the value. For example, if the scale is the rational 1/25 (PAL 25fps), and the value is 50, the time is 2 seconds.

Table 20 — Time fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:scale	Rational	The scale for the time value. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For NTSC, use 1001/30000, or the less accurate 100/2997. For PAL, use 1/25.
xmpDM:value	Integer	The time value in the specified scale.

1.2.6.10 Timecode

A timecode value in video.

Table 21 — Timecode fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:timeFormat	Closed Choice of Text	The format used in the timeValue. One of: 24Timecode 25Timecode 2997DropTimecode (<i>semicolon delimiter</i>) 2997NonDropTimecode 30Timecode 50Timecode 5994DropTimecode (<i>semicolon delimiter</i>) 5994NonDropTimecode 60Timecode 23976Timecode
xmpDM:timeValue	Text	A time value in the specified format. Time values use a colon delimiter in all formats except 2997drop and 5994drop, which uses a semicolon. The four fields indicate hours, minutes, seconds, and frames: <i>hh:mm:ss:ff</i> The actual duration in seconds depends on the format.

1.2.6.11 timeScaleStretch

A set of parameters used when stretching audio using the Time-Scale stretch mode.

Table 22 — timeScaleStretch fields

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:frameOverlappingPercentage	Real	The percentage of overlap between frames.
xmpDM:frameSize	Real	The splices per beat.
xmpDM:quality	Closed Choice of Text	One of: High Medium Low

1.2.6.12 Track

A named set of [Markers](#), that can specify different default time-frame rates from those of the contained markers.

Table 23 — Track fields

xmpDM:frameRate	FrameRate	The default frame rate for the markers in the track.
xmpDM:markers	ordered array of Marker	An ordered list of markers.
xmpDM:trackName	Text	The name of the track. (For example: Lyrics, Speech, Voiceover, Audition Conditions, and so on.)

Table 23 — Track fields (Continued)

xmpDM:trackType	Open Choice of Text, comma-delimited list	The default marker types for all markers in the track. See Marker field xmpDM:type .
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1.3 Extensibility of namespaces

This section discusses how to create new namespaces and extend existing ones.

1.3.1 Creating custom namespaces

The namespaces defined in this document are core namespaces that are believed to be applicable to a wide variety of needs. If possible, it is always desirable to use properties from existing namespaces. However, XMP was designed to be easily extensible by the addition of custom namespaces. If your metadata needs are not already covered by the core namespaces, you can define and use your own namespaces.

If you are considering creating a new namespace, observe the following:

- Avoid including properties that have the same semantics as properties in existing namespaces.
- If your properties might be useful to others, try to collaborate in creating a common namespace, to avoid having a multitude of incompatible ones.

To define a new namespace, you should write a human-readable namespace specification document. The specification document should be made available to any developers who need to write code that understands your metadata. (Future versions of XMP might include support for machine-readable namespace specifications, but such support will always be in addition to the requirement for human-readable namespace specification documents.)

Your specification document should include:

- A unique name for your namespace in the form of a URI and a preferred prefix.
- A table containing the name of each property, the value type, and the description of the property. If you define properties that have structured value types, you may wish to use additional URI names to identify the components of a structured property value.

You can then add more properties as needed, following the RDF and XMP syntax requirements described in this document to create compatible RDF metadata.

1.3.2 Extending namespaces

Keep in mind the following points when extending a namespace:

- New properties can be added to existing namespaces without causing problems for applications.
- The definitions of properties in existing namespaces should always remain the same; otherwise, applications can produce incorrect behavior. If it is necessary to change the meaning of a property, a new property should be created, and the old one declared as deprecated.
- It is possible to create a “new version” of a namespace; however, there is no logical connection between the old version and the new version. The same local name in two different XML namespaces refers to two different properties.

2 XMP standard namespaces

This chapter contains the following information namespace definitions for standard namespaces.

The following namespaces definitions are included here:

- [2.1, “XMP namespace”](#)
- [2.2, “XMP Media Management namespace”](#)
- [2.3, “XMP Basic Job Ticket namespace”](#)
- [2.4, “XMP Paged-text namespace”](#)
- [2.5, “XMP Dynamic Media namespace”](#)

2.1 XMP namespace

The XMP basic namespace contains properties that provide basic descriptive information.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is `xmp`

Table 24 — Properties in the XMP namespace

Name	Type	Description
<code>xmp:Advisory</code> (<i>deprecated</i>)	unordered array of XPath	An unordered array specifying properties that were edited outside the authoring application. Each item should contain a single namespace and XPath separated by one ASCII space (U+0020).
<code>xmp:BaseURL</code>	URL	The base URL for relative URLs in the document content. If this document contains Internet links, and those links are relative, they are relative to this base URL. This property provides a standard way for embedded relative URLs to be interpreted by tools. Web authoring tools should set the value based on their notion of where URLs will be interpreted.
<code>xmp:CreateDate</code>	Date	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
<code>xmp:CreatorTool</code>	AgentName	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
<code>xmp:Identifier</code>	unordered array of Text	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
<code>xmp:Label</code>	Text	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
<code>xmp:MetadataDate</code>	Date	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
<code>xmp:ModifyDate</code>	Date	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
<code>xmp:Nickname</code>	Text	A short informal name for the resource.
<code>xmp:Rating</code>	Closed Choice of Real	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.

Table 24 — Properties in the XMP namespace (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmp:Thumbnails	alternative array of Thumbnail	An alternative array of thumbnail images for a file, which can differ in characteristics such as size or image encoding.

2.2 XMP Media Management namespace

This namespace is primarily for use by digital asset management (DAM) systems.

The following properties are “owned” by the DAM system and should be set by applications under their direction; they should not be used by unmanaged files: [xmpMM: ManagedFrom](#), [xmpMM: Manager](#), [xmpMM: ManageTo](#), [xmpMM: ManageUI](#), [xmpMM: ManagerVariant](#).

The following properties are owned by the DAM system for managed files, but can also be used by applications for unmanaged files: [xmpMM: DerivedFrom](#), [xmpMM: DocumentID](#), [xmpMM: RenditionClass](#), [xmpMM: RenditionParams](#), [xmpMM: VersionID](#), [xmpMM: Versions](#).

The [xmpMM: History](#) property is always owned by the application.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/mm/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is `xmpMM`

Table 25 — XMP Media Management properties

Name	Type	Description
xmpMM:DerivedFrom	ResourceRef	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
xmpMM:DocumentID	GUID	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
xmpMM:History	ordered array of ResourceEvent	High-level actions that resulted in this resource. It is intended to give human readers a description of the steps taken to make the changes from the previous version to this one. The list should be at an abstract level; it is not intended to be an exhaustive keystroke or other detailed history. The description should be sufficient for metadata management, as well as for workflow enhancement.
xmpMM:Ingredients	unordered array of ResourceRef	References to resources that were incorporated, by inclusion or reference, into this resource.
xmpMM:InstanceID	GUID	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
xmpMM: ManagedFrom	ResourceRef	A reference to the document as it was prior to becoming managed. It is set when a managed document is introduced to an asset management system that does not currently own it. It may or may not include references to different management systems.
xmpMM: Manager	AgentName	The name of the asset management system that manages this resource. Along with xmpMM: ManagerVariant , it tells applications which asset management system to contact concerning this document.

Table 25 — XMP Media Management properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpMM:ManageTo	URI	A URI identifying the managed resource to the asset management system; the presence of this property is the formal indication that this resource is managed. The form and content of this URI is private to the asset management system.
xmpMM:ManageUI	URI	A URI that can be used to access information about the managed resource through a web browser. It might require a custom browser plug-in.
xmpMM:ManagerVariant	Text	Specifies a particular variant of the asset management system. The format of this property is private to the specific asset management system.
xmpMM:OriginalDocumentID	GUID	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
xmpMM:Pantry	unordered array of struct	Each array item has a structure value with a potentially unique set of fields, containing extracted XMP from a component. Each field is a property from the XMP of a contained resource component, with all substructure preserved. Each pantry entry shall contain an xmpMM:InstanceID . Only one copy of the pantry entry for any given xmpMM:InstanceID shall be retained in the pantry. Nested pantry items shall be removed from the individual pantry item and promoted to the top level of the pantry.
xmpMM:RenditionClass	RenditionClass	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
xmpMM:RenditionParams	Text	Refer to <i>Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties</i> , for definition.
xmpMM:VersionID	Text	The document version identifier for this resource. Each version of a document gets a new identifier, usually simply by incrementing integers 1, 2, 3 . . . and so on. Media management systems can have other conventions or support branching which requires a more complex scheme.
xmpMM:Versions	ordered array of Version	The version history associated with this resource. Entry [1] is the oldest known version for this document, entry [last()] is the most recent version. Typically, a media management system would fill in the version information in the metadata on check-in. It is not guaranteed that a complete history of versions from the first to this one will be present in the xmpMM:Versions property. Interior version information can be compressed or eliminated and the version history can be truncated at some point.

Table 26 — Deprecated Media Management properties

xmpMM:LastURL (<i>deprecated</i>)	URL	Deprecated for privacy protection.
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Table 26 — Deprecated Media Management properties (Continued)

xmpMM:RenditionOf (<i>deprecated</i>)	ResourceRef	Deprecated in favour of xmpMM:DerivedFrom . A reference to the document of which this is a rendition.
xmpMM:SaveID (<i>deprecated</i>)	Integer	Deprecated. Previously used only to support the xmpMM:LastURL property.

2.3 XMP Basic Job Ticket namespace

This namespace describes very simple workflow or job information.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/bj/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is `xmpBJ`

Table 27 — Basic Job Ticket properties

Name	Type	Description
xmpBJ:JobRef	unordered array of Job	References an external job management file for a job process in which the document is being used. Use of job names is under user control. Typical use would be to identify all documents that are part of a particular job or contract. There are multiple values because there can be more than one job using a particular document at any time, and it can also be useful to keep historical information about what jobs a document was part of previously.

2.4 XMP Paged-text namespace

This namespace is used for text appearing on a page in a document.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xap/1.0/t/pg/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is `xmpTPg`

Table 28 — Paged-text properties

Name	Type	Description
xmpTPg:Colorants	ordered array of Colorants	An ordered array of colorants (swatches) that are used in the document (including any in contained documents).
xmpTPg:Fonts	unordered array of Font	An unordered array of fonts that are used in the document (including any in contained documents).
xmpTPg:MaxPageSize	Dimensions	The size of the largest page in the document (including any in contained documents).
xmpTPg:NPages	Integer	The number of pages in the document (including any in contained documents).
xmpTPg:PlateNames	ordered array of Text	An ordered array of plate names that are needed to print the document (including any in contained documents).

2.5 XMP Dynamic Media namespace

This namespace specifies properties used by the Adobe dynamic media group.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/xmp/1.0/DynamicMedia/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is xmpDM

Table 29 — XMP Dynamic Media properties

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:absPeakAudioFilePath	URI	The absolute path to the file's peak audio file. If empty, no peak file exists.
xmpDM:album	Text	The name of the album.
xmpDM:altTapeName	Text	An alternative tape name, set via the project window or timecode dialog in Premiere. If an alternative name has been set and has not been reverted, that name is displayed.
xmpDM:altTimecode	Timecode	A timecode set by the user. When specified, it is used instead of the startTimecode.
xmpDM:artist	Text	The name of the artist or artists.
xmpDM:audioModDate (deprecated)	Date	The date and time when the audio was last modified.
xmpDM:audioChannelType	closed Choice of Text	The audio channel type. One of: Mono Stereo 5.1 7.1 16 Channel Other
xmpDM:audioCompressor	Text	The audio compression used. For example, MP3.
xmpDM:audioSampleRate	Integer	The audio sample rate. Can be any value, but commonly 32000, 44100, or 48000.
xmpDM:audioSampleType	closed Choice of Text	The audio sample type. One of: 8Int 16Int 24Int 32Int 32Float Compressed Packed Other
xmpDM:beatSpliceParams	beatSpliceStretch	Additional parameters for Beat Splice stretch mode.

Table 29 — XMP Dynamic Media properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:cameraAngle	open Choice of Text	The orientation of the camera to the subject in a static shot, from a fixed set of industry standard terminology. Predefined values include: Low Angle Eye Level High Angle Overhead Shot Birds Eye Shot Dutch Angle POV Over the Shoulder Reaction Shot
xmpDM:cameraLabel	Text	A description of the camera used for a shoot. Can be any string, but is usually simply a number, for example "1", "2", or more explicitly "Camera 1".
xmpDM:cameraModel	Text	The make and model of the camera used for a shoot.
xmpDM:cameraMove	open Choice of Text	The movement of the camera during the shot, from a fixed set of industry standard terminology. Predefined values include: Aerial Boom Up Boom Down Crane Up Crane Down Dolly In Dolly Out Pan Left Pan Right Pedestal Up Pedestal Down Tilt Up Tilt Down Tracking Truck Left Truck Right Zoom In Zoom Out
xmpDM:client	Text	The client for the job of which this shot or take is a part.
xmpDM:comment	Text	A user's comments.
xmpDM:composer	Text	The composer's names.
xmpDM:contributedMedia	unordered array of Media	An unordered list of all media used to create this media.
xmpDM:copyright (deprecated)	Text	Deprecated in favour of dc:rights .
xmpDM:director	Text	The director of the scene.

Table 29 — XMP Dynamic Media properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:directorPhotography	Text	The director of photography for the scene.
xmpDM:duration	Time	The duration of the media file.
xmpDM:engineer	Text	The engineer’s names.
xmpDM:fileDataRate	Rational	The file data rate in megabytes per second. For example: “36/10” = 3.6 MB/sec
xmpDM:genre	Text	The name of the genres.
xmpDM:good	Boolean	A checkbox for tracking whether a shot is a keeper.
xmpDM:instrument	Text	The musical instruments.
xmpDM:introTime	Time	The duration of lead time for queuing music.
xmpDM:key	closed Choice of Text	The audio’s musical key. One of: C C# D D# E F F# G G# A A# B
xmpDM:logComment	Text	User’s log comments.
xmpDM:loop	Boolean	When true, the clip can be looped seamlessly.
xmpDM:numberOfBeats	Real	The total number of musical beats in a clip; for example, the beats-per-second times the duration in seconds.
xmpDM:markers	ordered array of Marker	An ordered list of markers. See also xmpDM:Tracks .
xmpDM:metadataModDate (deprecated)	Date	The date and time when the metadata was last modified.
xmpDM:outCue	Time	The time at which to fade out.
xmpDM:projectName	Text	The name of the project of which this file is a part.
xmpDM:projectRef	ProjectLink	A reference to the project of which this file is a part.

Table 29 — XMP Dynamic Media properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:pullDown	closed Choice of Text	The sampling phase of film to be converted to video (pull-down). One of: WSSWW SSWWW SWWW WWWSS WWSSW WWWSW WWSWW WSWWW SWWWW WWWWS
xmpDM:relativePeakAudioFilePath	URI	The relative path to the file's peak audio file. If empty, no peak file exists.
xmpDM:relativeTimestamp	Time	The start time of the media inside the audio project.
xmpDM:releaseDate	Date	The date the title was released.
xmpDM:resampleParams	resampleStretch	Additional parameters for Resample stretch mode.
xmpDM:scaleType	closed Choice of Text	The musical scale used in the music. One of: Major Minor Both Neither Neither is most often used for instruments with no associated scale, such as drums.
xmpDM:scene	Text	The name or number of the scene.
xmpDM:shotDate	Date	The date and time when the video was shot.
xmpDM:shotDay	Text	The day in a multiday shoot. For example: "Day 2", "Friday".
xmpDM:shotLocation	Text	The name of the location where the video was shot. For example: "Oktoberfest, Munich Germany" For more accurate positioning, use the Exif GPS values.
xmpDM:shotName	Text	The name of the shot or take.
xmpDM:shotNumber	Text	The position of the shot in a script or production, relative to other shots. For example: 1, 2, 1a, 1b, 1.1, 1.2.

Table 29 — XMP Dynamic Media properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:shotSize	open Choice of Text	The size or scale of the shot framing, from a fixed set of industry standard terminology. Predefined values include: ECU --extreme close-up MCU -- medium close-up CU -- close-up MS -- medium shot WS -- wide shot MWS -- medium wide shot EWS -- extreme wide shot
xmpDM:speakerPlacement	Text	A description of the speaker angles from centre front in degrees. For example: "Left = -30, Right = 30, Centre = 0, LFE = 45, Left Surround = -110, Right Surround = 110"
xmpDM:startTimecode	Timecode	The timecode of the first frame of video in the file, as obtained from the device control.
xmpDM:stretchMode	closed Choice of Text	The audio stretch mode. One of: Fixed length Time-Scale Resample Beat Splice Hybrid
xmpDM:takeNumber	Integer	A numeric value indicating the absolute number of a take.
xmpDM:tapeName	Text	The name of the tape from which the clip was captured, as set during the capture process.
xmpDM:tempo	Real	The audio's tempo.
xmpDM:timeScaleParams	timeScaleStretch	Additional parameters for Time-Scale stretch mode.
xmpDM:timeSignature	closed Choice of Text	The time signature of the music. One of: 2/4 3/4 4/4 5/4 7/4 6/8 9/8 12/8 other
xmpDM:trackNumber	Integer	A numeric value indicating the order of the audio file within its original recording.
xmpDM:Tracks	unordered array of Track	An unordered list of tracks. A track is a named set of markers, which can specify a frame rate for all markers in the set. See also xmpDM:markers .

Table 29 — XMP Dynamic Media properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
xmpDM:videoAlphaMode	closed Choice of Text	The alpha mode. One of: straight pre-multiplied none
xmpDM:videoAlphaPremultipleColor	Colorant	A colour in CMYK or RGB to be used as the premultiple colour when alpha mode is premultiplied.
xmpDM:videoAlphaUnityIsTransparent	Boolean	When true, unity is clear, when false, it is opaque.
xmpDM:videoColorSpace	closed Choice of Text	The colour space. One of: sRGB (used by Photoshop) CCIR-601 (used for NTSC) CCIR-709 (used for HD)
xmpDM:videoCompressor	Text	Video compression used. For example, jpeg.
xmpDM:videoFieldOrder	closed Choice of Text	The field order for video. One of: Upper Lower Progressive
xmpDM:videoFrameRate	Open Choice of Text	The video frame rate. Predefined values include: 24 NTSC PAL
xmpDM:videoFrameSize	Dimensions	The frame size. For example: w:720, h: 480, unit:pixels
xmpDM:videoModDate (deprecated)	Date	The date and time when the video was last modified.
xmpDM:videoPixelDepth	closed Choice of Text	The size in bits of each colour component of a pixel. Standard Windows 32-bit pixels have 8 bits per component. One of: 8Int 16Int 24Int 32Int 32Float Other
xmpDM:videoPixelAspectRatio	Rational	The aspect ratio, expressed as wd/ht. For example: "648/720" = 0.9
xmpDM:partOfCompilation	Boolean	Part of compilation.
xmpDM:lyrics	Text	Lyrics text. No association with timecode.
xmpDM:discNumber	Text	If in a multi-disc set, might contain total number of discs. For example: 2/3.

3 Specialized Namespaces

This chapter contains namespace definitions for namespaces that are specialized for Adobe applications and usages. The following namespace definitions are included here:

- [3.1, “Adobe PDF namespace”](#)
- [3.2, “Photoshop namespace”](#)
- [3.3, “Camera Raw namespace”](#)
- [3.4, “Exif namespaces”](#)

3.1 Adobe PDF namespace

This namespace specifies properties used with Adobe PDF documents.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/pdf/1.3/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is pdf

Table 30 — PDF properties

Name	Type	Description
pdf:Keywords	Text	Keywords.
pdf:PDFVersion	Text	The PDF file version (for example: 1.0, 1.3, and so on).
pdf:Producer	AgentName	The name of the tool that created the PDF document.
pdf:Trapped	Boolean	True when the document has been trapped.

3.2 Photoshop namespace

This namespace specifies properties used by Adobe Photoshop.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/photoshop/1.0/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is photoshop

3.2.1 Types

These types are defined in the Photoshop namespace for use by the Photoshop metadata:

3.2.1.1 Ancestor

A structure identifying a document that was copied or placed into the current document.

Table 31 — Ancestor fields

Name	Type	Description
photoshop:AncestorID	URI	The unique identifier of a document.

3.2.1.2 Layer

A structure associating an identifying name and text content with a text layer of a Photoshop document.

Table 32 — Layer fields

Name	Type	Description
photoshop:LayerName	Text	The identifying name of the text layer.
photoshop:LayerText	Text	The text content of the text layer.

3.2.2 Properties

Table 33 — Photoshop properties

Name	Type	Description
photoshop:AuthorsPosition	Text	By-line title.
photoshop:CaptionWriter	ProperName	Writer/editor.
photoshop:Category	Text	Category. Limited to 3 7-bit ASCII characters.
photoshop:City	Text	City.
photoshop:ColorMode	Closed Choice of Integer	The colour mode. One of: 0 = Bitmap 1 = Gray scale 2 = Indexed colour 3 = RGB colour 4 = CMYK colour 7 = Multi-channel 8 = Duotone 9 = LAB colour
photoshop:Country	Text	Country/primary location.
photoshop:Credit	Text	Credit.
photoshop:DateCreated	Date	The date the intellectual content of the document was created, rather than the creation date of the physical representation.
photoshop:DocumentAncestors	unordered array of Ancestor	If the source document for a copy-and-paste or place operation has a document ID, that ID is added to this list in the destination document's XMP.
photoshop:Headline	Text	Headline.
photoshop:History	Text	The history that appears in the FileInfo panel, if activated in the application preferences.
photoshop:ICCPProfile	Text	The colour profile, such as AppleRGB, AdobeRGB1998.
photoshop:Instructions	Text	Special instructions.
photoshop:Source	Text	Source.
photoshop:State	Text	Province/state.

Table 33 — Photoshop properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
photoshop:SupplementalCategories	unordered array of Text	Supplemental category.
photoshop:TextLayers	ordered array of Layer	If a document has text layers, this property caches the text for each layer.
photoshop:TransmissionReference	Text	Original transmission reference.
photoshop:Urgency	Integer	Urgency. Valid range is 1-8.

3.3 Camera Raw namespace

This namespace specifies settings associated with image files produced in camera raw mode.

- The namespace URI is <http://ns.adobe.com/camera-raw-settings/1.0/>
- The preferred namespace prefix is `crs`

Table 34 — Camera Raw properties

Name	Type	Description
crs:AutoBrightness	Boolean	When true, "Brightness" is automatically adjusted.
crs:AutoContrast	Boolean	When true, "Contrast" is automatically adjusted.
crs:AutoExposure	Boolean	When true, "Exposure" is automatically adjusted.
crs:AutoShadows	Boolean	When true, "Shadows" is automatically adjusted.
crs:BlueHue	Integer	"Blue Hue" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:BlueSaturation	Integer	"Blue Saturation" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:Brightness	Integer	"Brightness" setting. Range 0 to 150.
crs:CameraProfile	Text	"Camera Profile" setting.
crs:ChromaticAberrationB	Integer	"Chromatic Aberration, Fix Blue/Yellow Fringe" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:ChromaticAberrationR	Integer	"Chromatic Aberration, Fix Red/Cyan Fringe" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:ColorNoiseReduction	Integer	"Color Noise Reduction" setting. Range 0 to 100.
crs:Contrast	Integer	"Contrast" setting. Range -50 to 100.
crs:CropTop	Real	When HasCrop is true, top of crop rectangle
crs:CropLeft	Real	When HasCrop is true, left of crop rectangle.
crs:CropBottom	Real	When HasCrop is true, bottom of crop rectangle.
crs:CropRight	Real	When HasCrop is true, right of crop rectangle.
crs:CropAngle	Real	When HasCrop is true, angle of crop rectangle.

Table 34 — Camera Raw properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
crs:CropWidth	Real	Width of resulting cropped image in CropUnits units.
crs:CropHeight	Real	Height of resulting cropped image in CropUnits units.
crs:CropUnits	Integer	Units for CropWidth and CropHeight. One of: 0 = pixels 1 = inches 2 = cm
crs:Exposure	Real	"Exposure" setting. Range -4.0 to 4.0.
crs:GreenHue	Integer	"Green Hue" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:GreenSaturation	Integer	"Green Saturation" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:HasCrop	Boolean	When true, image has a cropping rectangle.
crs:HasSettings	Boolean	When true, nondefault camera raw settings.
crs:LuminanceSmoothing	Integer	"Luminance Smoothing" setting. Range 0 to 100.
crs:RawFileName	Text	File name for raw file (not a complete path).
crs:RedHue	Integer	"Red Hue" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:RedSaturation	Integer	"Red Saturation" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:Saturation	Integer	"Saturation" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:Shadows	Integer	"Shadows" setting. Range 0 to 100.
crs:ShadowTint	Integer	"Shadow Tint" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:Sharpness	Integer	"Sharpness" setting. Range 0 to 100.
crs:Temperature	Integer	"Temperature" setting. Range 2000 to 50000.
crs:Tint	Integer	"Tint" setting. Range -150 to 150.
crs:ToneCurve	ordered array of points (Integer, Integer)	Array of points (Integer, Integer) defining a "Tone Curve."
crs:ToneCurveName	Choice of Text	The name of the Tone Curve described by ToneCurve. One of: Linear Medium Contrast Strong Contrast Custom or a user-defined preset name
crs:Version	Text	Version of Camera Raw plug-in.
crs:VignetteAmount	Integer	"Vignetting Amount" setting. Range -100 to 100.
crs:VignetteMidpoint	Integer	"Vignetting Midpoint" setting. Range 0 to 100.

Table 34 — Camera Raw properties (Continued)

Name	Type	Description
crs:WhiteBalance	Closed Choice of Text	"White Balance" setting. One of: As Shot Auto Daylight Cloudy Shade Tungsten Fluorescent Flash Custom

3.4 Exif namespaces

Exif is a metadata standard for image files, used widely by digital cameras. The Exif specification is owned by the Japanese Camera & Imaging Products Association (CIPA).

- The Exif 2.3 specification can be found at http://www.cipa.jp/std/documents/e/DC-008-2012_E.pdf
- The mappings between Exif/TIFF tags and XMP are described in a document available from http://www.cipa.jp/std/documents/download_e.html?DC-010-2012_E

4 Authority over property values

This chapter describes value-assignment authority and identifies that authority for all XMP properties described in *Part 1, Data Model, Serialization, and Core Properties* and in *Part 2, Additional Properties*.

4.1 Overview

Top-level properties in XMP have a notion of authority over their values, expressed as being either an *internal* property or an *external* property. This is not a strict notion; rather, it is a general guideline to UI designers, application developers, and users about when and how property values are set. Each lower-level component of XMP (structure fields, array items, and qualifiers) inherits this notion from its top-level property.

The authority to set an external property generally belongs to a human. Examples include common descriptive metadata such as description, keywords, or copyright. External properties can be set by applications when importing information from other sources of metadata. For example, many file formats have a non-XMP manner in which to store a copyright. External properties can also be set by custom applications, which are often used to ensure that standard metadata exists.

The authority to set an internal property generally belongs to the device or application that creates the XMP. There are several common kinds of internal properties, roughly grouped by how they relate to the content associated with the XMP. The following list is not comprehensive, but is an illustration to help classify newly developed properties:

- Some internal properties are inherently related to the content and must change if the content is edited in various ways. Examples include a word or page count in a text document, pixel height and width in a still image, duration in a video file, or a modification timestamp. Allowing a user to edit these properties would result in incorrect metadata.
- Some internal properties contain private information that belongs to an application but that is not inherently tied to the content. Examples include nondestructive photo processing information such as exposure adjustments or workflow status information. Allowing a user to edit these properties would result in incorrect metadata.
- Some internal properties contain nonintrinsic metadata such as capture conditions or post-processing operations. Examples include lens and exposure information for a photograph or an automated speech transcript in a video. Allowing a user to edit these properties can be appropriate in some circumstances. A user might add lens information that a camera did not capture, correct a capture time because of improper camera settings, or correct errors in an automated speech transcript.

4.2 Dublin Core properties' internal/external state

Unless otherwise noted, all properties in the Dublin Core namespace are external.

Internal properties in Dublin Core:

- **dc:format**
- **dc:language**
- **dc:relation**

4.3 XMP Basic properties' internal/external state

Unless otherwise noted, all properties in the XMP Basic namespace are external.

Internal properties in XMP Basic:

- **xmp:BaseURL**
- **xmp:CreatorTool**

- **xmp:MetadataDate**
- **xmp:ModifyDate**
- **xmp:Thumbnails**

4.4 XMP Rights Management properties' internal/external state

All properties in the XMP Rights Management namespace are external.

4.5 XMP Media Management properties' internal/external state

All properties in the XMP Media Management namespace are internal.

4.6 XMP Basic Job Ticket properties' internal/external state

All properties in the XMP Basic Job Ticket namespace are external.

4.7 XMP Paged-text properties' internal/external state

All properties in the XMP Paged-text namespace are internal.

4.8 XMP Dynamic Media properties' internal/external state

Unless otherwise noted, all properties in the XMP Dynamic Media namespace are internal.

External properties in XMP Dynamic Media:

- **xmpDM:album**
- **xmpDM:altTapeName**
- **xmpDM:altTimecode**
- **xmpDM:artist**
- **xmpDM:cameraAngle**
- **xmpDM:cameraLabel**
- **xmpDM:cameraModel**
- **xmpDM:cameraMove**
- **xmpDM:client**
- **xmpDM:comment**
- **xmpDM:composer**
- **xmpDM:director**
- **xmpDM:directorPhotography**
- **xmpDM:engineer**
- **xmpDM:genre**
- **xmpDM:good**
- **xmpDM:instrument**
- **xmpDM:logComment**
- **xmpDM:projectName**
- **xmpDM:releaseDate**

- **xmpDM:scene**
- **xmpDM:shotDate**
- **xmpDM:shotDay**
- **xmpDM:shotLocation**
- **xmpDM:shotName**
- **xmpDM:shotNumber**
- **xmpDM:shotSize**
- **xmpDM:speakerPlacement**
- **xmpDM:takeNumber**
- **xmpDM:tapeName**
- **xmpDM:trackNumber**
- **xmpDM:videoAlphaMode**
- **xmpDM:videoAlphaPremultipleColor**
- **xmpDM:partOfCompilation**
- **xmpDM:lyrics**
- **xmpDM:discNumber**

4.9 Adobe PDF properties' internal/external state

Unless otherwise noted, all properties in the Adobe PDF namespace are external.

Internal properties in Adobe PDF:

- **pdf:PDFVersion**
- **pdf:Producer**

4.10 Photoshop properties' internal/external state

Unless otherwise noted, all properties in the Photoshop namespace are external.

Internal properties in Photoshop:

- **photoshop:ColorMode**
- **photoshop:ICCProfile**

4.11 Camera Raw properties' internal/external state

All properties in the Camera Raw namespace are internal.

4.12 TIFF and Exif properties' internal/external state

Unless otherwise noted, all properties in the TIFF and Exif namespaces are internal.

External properties in TIFF and Exif:

- **tiff:Artist**
- **tiff:Copyright**

- **tiff:ImageDescription**
- **exif:UserComment**